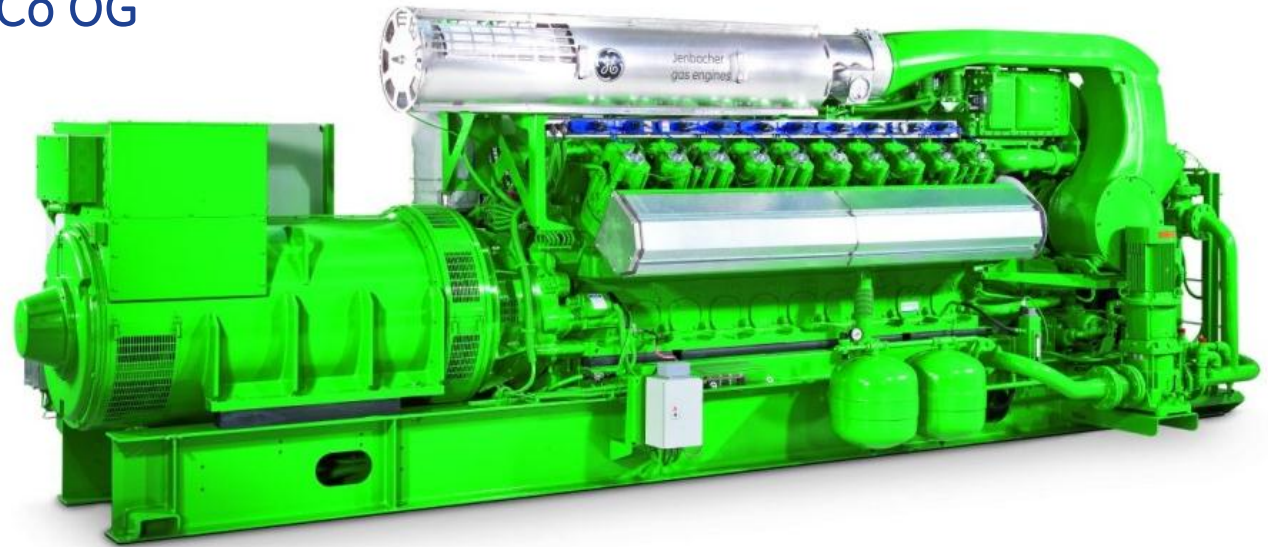


# Behavior of a turbocharged gas engine during a low voltage ride through

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GE Jenbacher GmbH & Co OG



imagination at work

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- Introduction
- Grid code
- Behavior during a low voltage ride through (LVRT)
- Operating strategy during LVRT
- Simulation of engine behavior during LVRT
- Validation of GE's Jenbacher gas engines portfolio
- Summary

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# Introduction

- Change in electrical power production
- More small decentralized power producers
  - ➔ Higher danger for reduced grid stability
- Until now disconnection of the decentralized power producer from grid during voltage drop
  - ➔ Domino effect
  - ➔ Network breakdown
  - ➔ Blackout
- Since beginning of the year 2013 there was the introduction of new rules in Europe for power producers
  - ➔ **No** disconnection from the electrical grid during a voltage drop (low voltage ride through)
  - ➔ Electrical grid stays stable while this voltage drop



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# Grid-Code

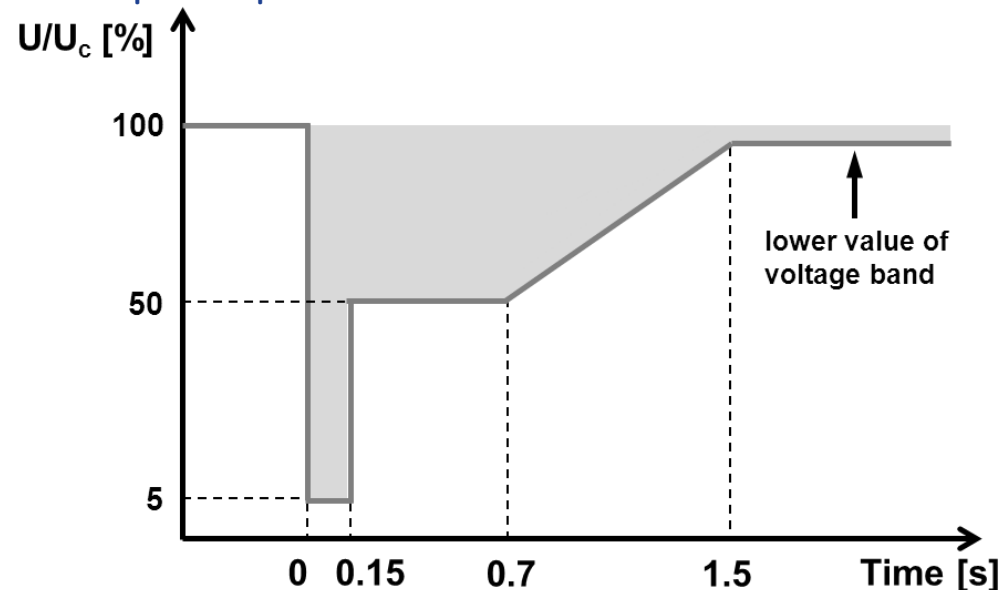
- Grid code is the rule to supply electrical power to the grid
- Static grid stabilization: request to stabilize the electrical grid (power level, voltage, frequency, power factor)
- Dynamic grid stabilization: behavior of power producer during a low voltage ride through

## Request Germany:

- Voltage drop with a duration of max.  $t = 150\text{ms}$  and down to max.  $U = 30\%$  without disconnection from grid
- Second voltage drop within 0.3 s until 2 s possible without disconnection
- 5s after voltage drop min. 95% of power output required

## Request France:

- Voltage drop during  $t = 150\text{ms}$  and voltage  $U = 5\%$  without disconnection from grid

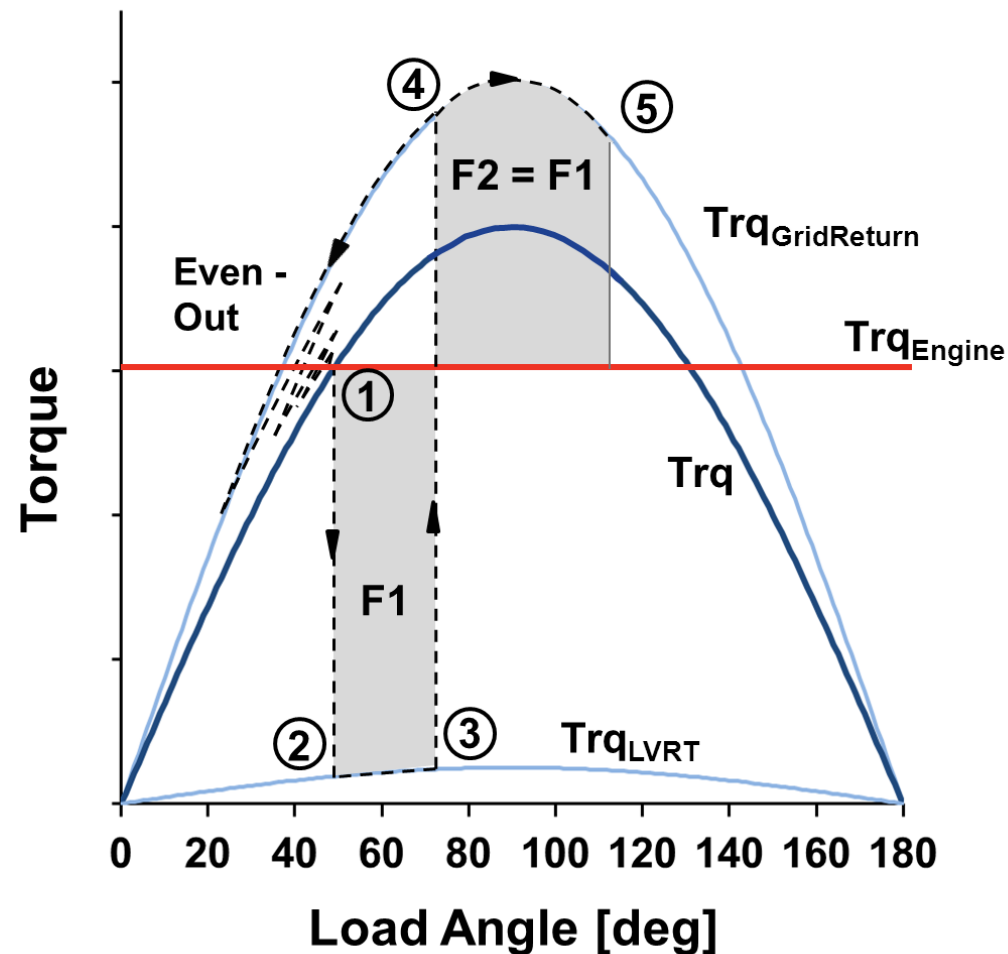


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# Behavior during a low voltage ride through (LVRT)

Synchronous generator:

- Stable operating point (No. 1)
- Immediate reduction of generator torque at the voltage drop (No. 2)
- Engine accelerates → load angle increases (No. 3)
- After voltage drop for a short time a higher generator torque (No. 4)
- The load angle increases caused by the area criteria ( $F2 = F1$ ) (No. 5)
- Operating point tries to reach stable conditions with oscillating changes (No. 1)





# Behavior during a low voltage ride through (LVRT)

Increasing change of load angle causes increased:

Mechanical load of :

- Generator
- Engine
- Coupling between engine and generator

Tipping movement of the engine caused by the generator torque:

- Too great radial movement of the compensators
- Danger of cooling water and oil leakage

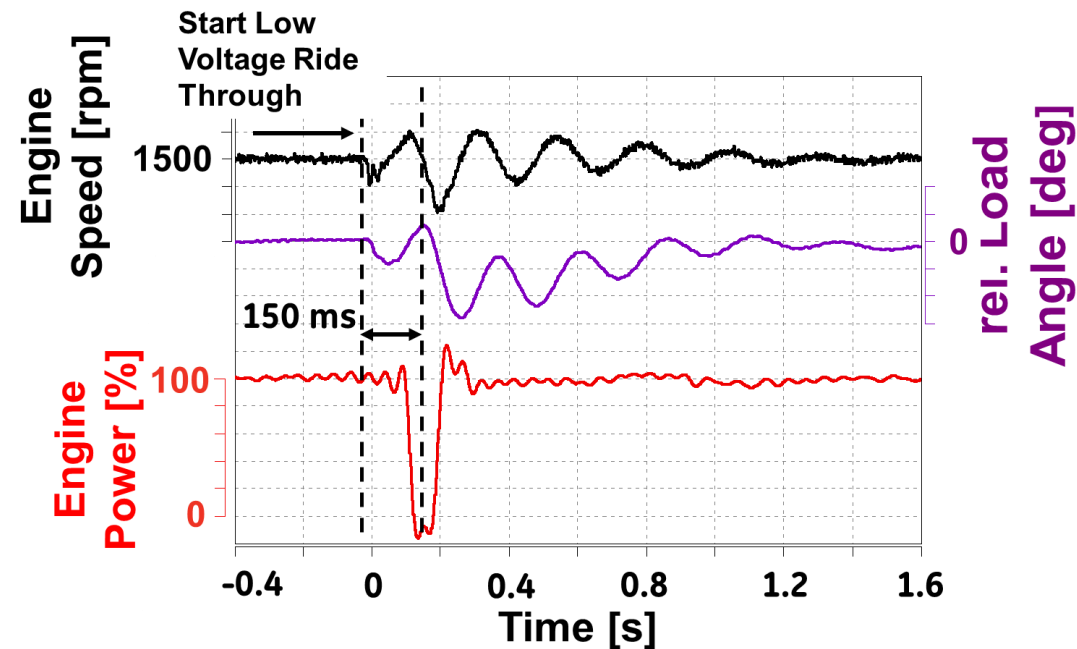
Goal: Minimizing the load angle change during a low voltage ride through

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# Operating strategy during LVRT

Controlled short deactivation of the ignition system during a low voltage ride through

- Active influence on engine acceleration
- Goal: Keep load angle within predefined threshold values

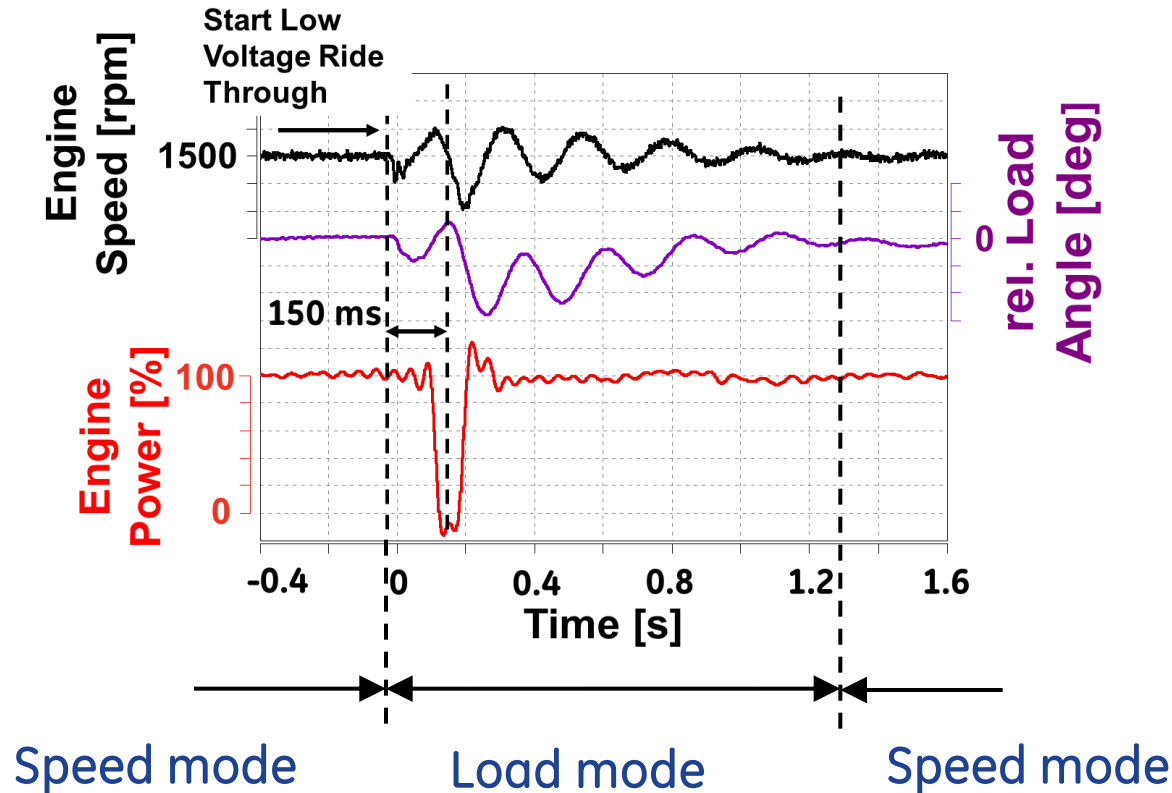


- Engine control system detects a LVRT
- Ignition OFF, when the load angle is greater than the threshold value
- Engine acceleration will be stopped
- Ignition ON, when the load angle is below threshold value

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# Simulation of engine behavior during LVRT

- Speed and load mode

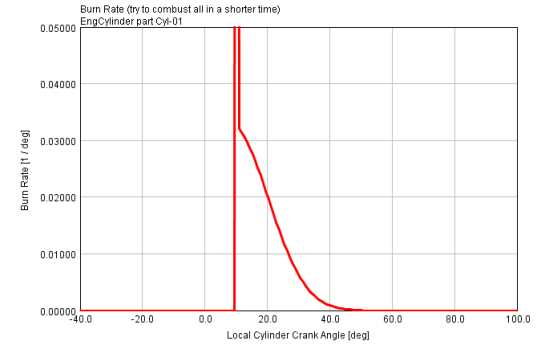
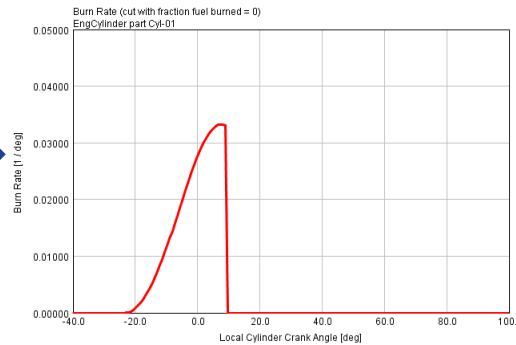
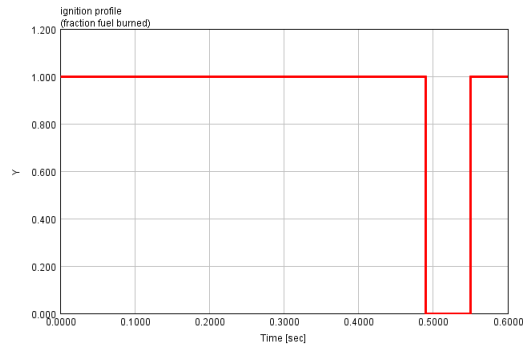


- ➔ Change of mode not possible within simulation
- ➔ Use of measured speed or calculation in another tool

# Simulation of engine behavior during LVRT

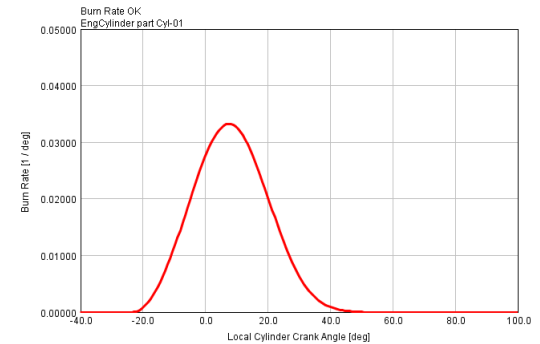
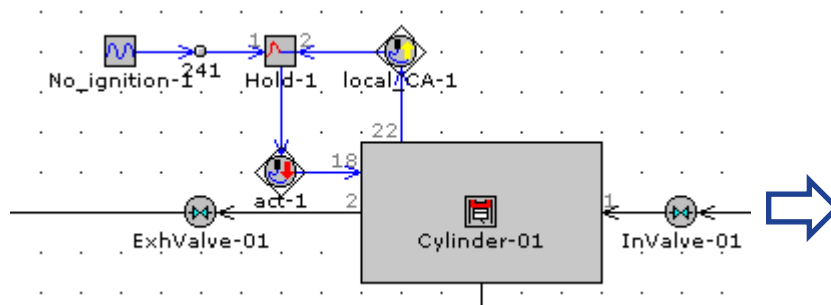
## Simulation of ignition off:

### 1. Approach: time dependend table for fuel fraction burned (combustion)



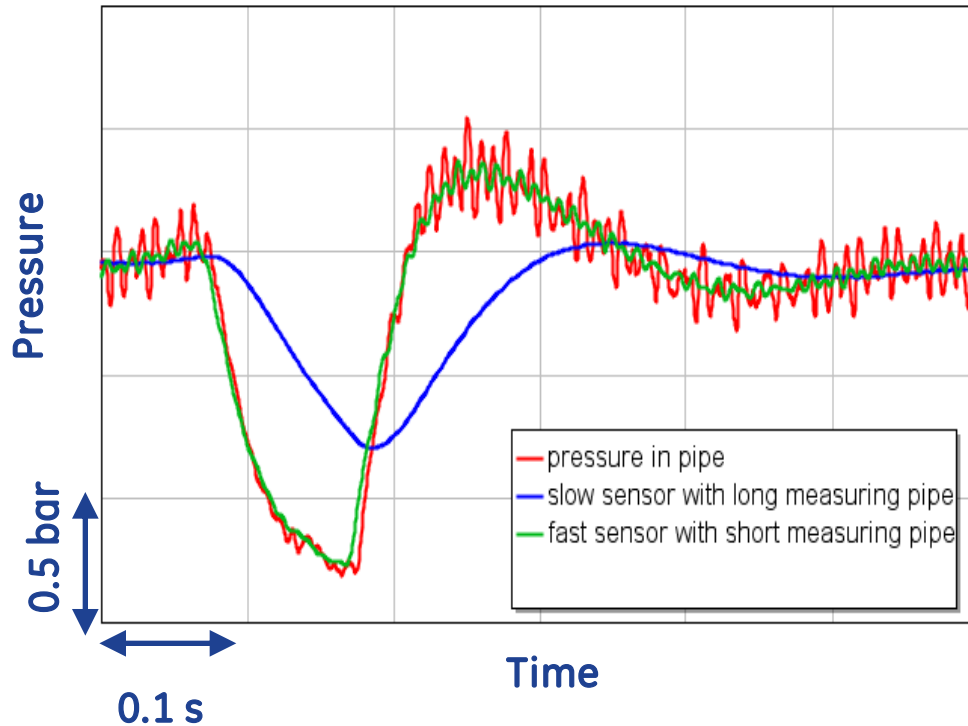
➔ Combustion starts or ends within combustion profile (when the value changes to 1 or 0)

### 2. Approach: signal hold function to prevent change within the profile

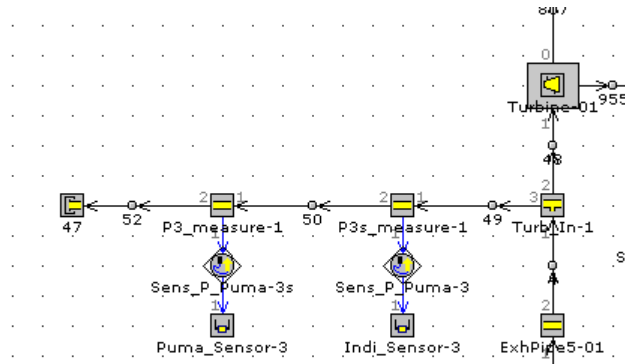


# Simulation of engine behavior during LVRT

## Pressure sensor (response time and measuring pipe)



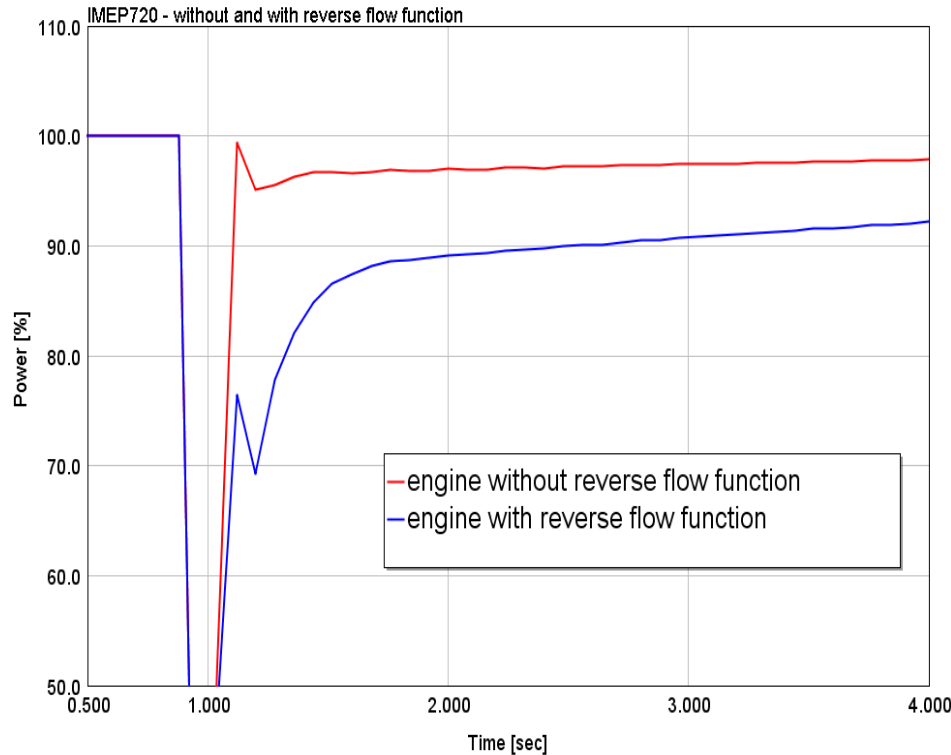
- Standard pressure sensor too slow and measuring pipe too long
- Faster pressure sensor and no (or short) pipe is nearly perfect



- Sensor response time with template FirstOrderFilter

# Simulation of engine behavior during LVRT

## Compressor model without and with reverse flow function



When compressor stalling occurs (caused by ignition off):

- Nearly no power drop without reverse flow function
- Very high power drop with reverse flow function

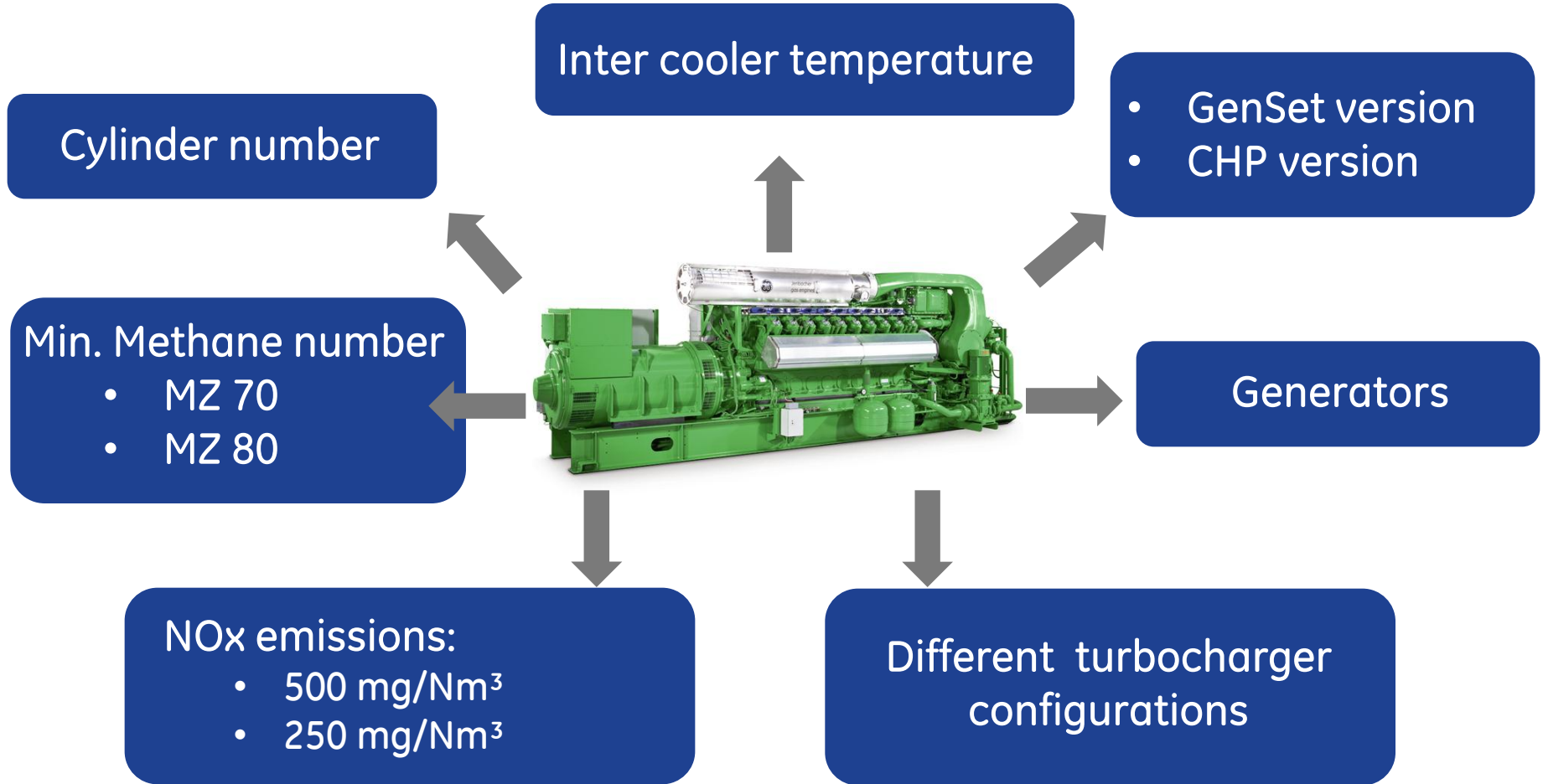
➔ If stalling occurs, then the reverse flow function is necessary



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# Validation of GE's Jenbacher gas engines portfolio

High number of variants within one engine type:



➔ Number of variants is too high to test every engine on the test bench

# Validation of GE's Jenbacher gas engines portfolio

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## Prediction of compressor stalling and BMEP after LVRT with GT-Power:

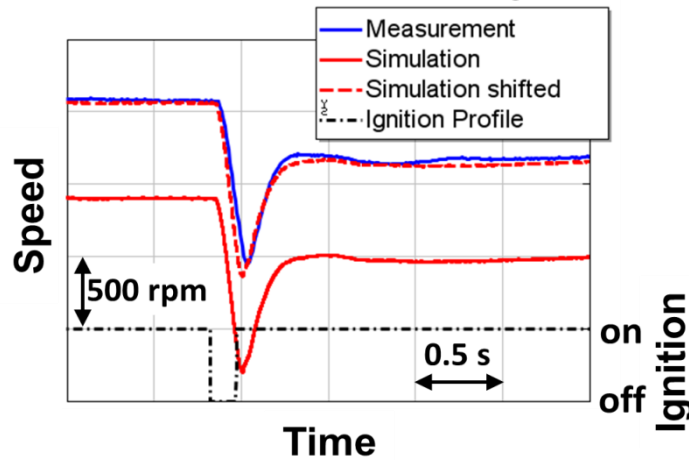
- Measurement on the test bench
  - Stepwise increase of the ignition off time ...
  - ... until compressor stalling occurs
- Simulation of measurement with GT-Power
  - Engine model with correct geometrical dimensions
  - Maps of compressor and turbine
  - Correct rotatory mass inertia of the turbocharger
  - Same ignition off time as measured
  - Engine speed from measurement

# Validation of GE's Jenbacher gas engines portfolio

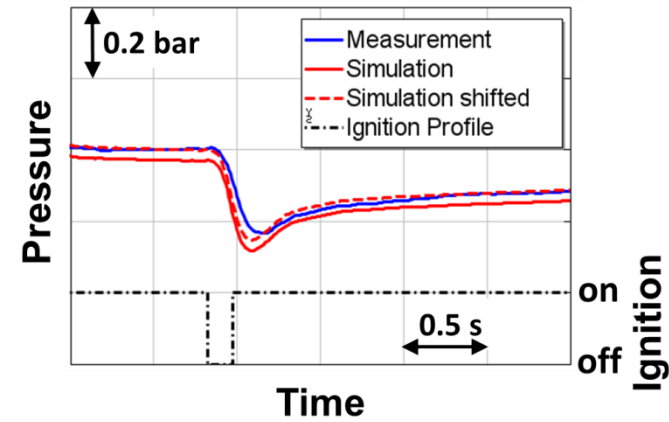
## Comparison of measurement and simulation with GT-Power:

Example: J624 two-stage; time ignition off without compressor stalling

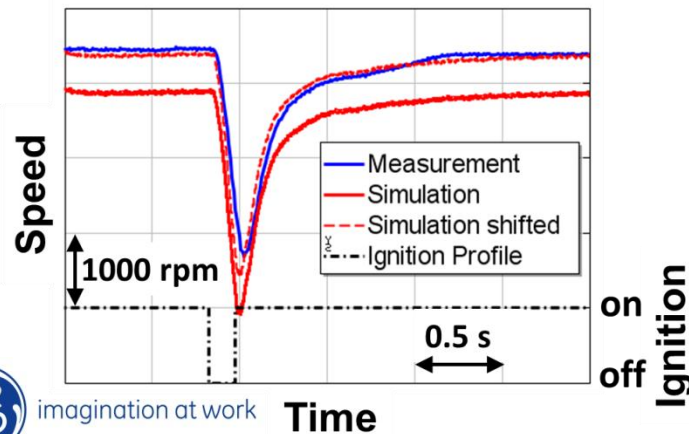
### Low Pressure Turbocharger



### Pressure after High Pressure Compressor



### High Pressure Turbocharger



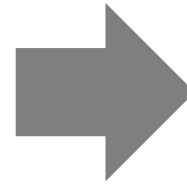
Very good matching for:

- Turbocharger speed
- Pressure behind HP compressor

➔ Correct simulation of very dynamic behavior with GT-Power possible

# Validation of GE's Jenbacher gas engines portfolio

- Electrical grid and profile of LVRT
- Data of generator (e.g. reactance)
- Inertia of engine and generator
- Engine torque characteristic
- ...

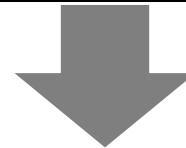


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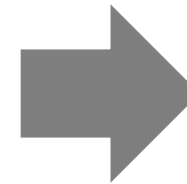
- Ignition profile
- Speed profile



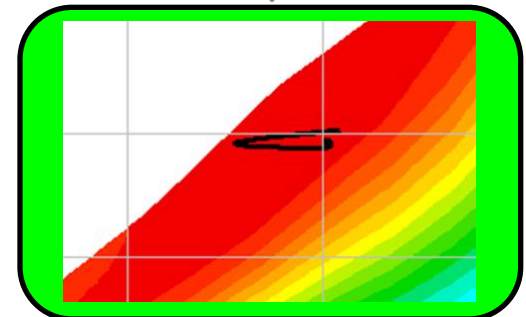
**GT-Power**



- Engine geometry
- Turbocharger maps
- Operating conditions
- ...



- Shift within compressor map
- Power versus time



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# Summary

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- New rules concerning low voltage ride through (LVRT)
- Operating strategy: Controlled short deactivation of the ignition during LVRT
- Danger of compressor stalling
- Developing of a strategy to predict compressor stalling and power after LVRT with suitable simulation tools
- Verification of all of GE's Jenbacher gas engines with minimized measurement program on the test bench

Special thanks for the support  
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Thank you for your attention

